This SDS is prepared in accord with the SWA document "Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals - Code of Practice" (July 2020).

SAFETY DATA SHEET



Product name SDS no. Formulation #	Air Wick Pure Freshmatic Cherry BlossomD8288681FF8286217
Supplier	: AUSTRALIA RB (Hygiene Home) Australia Pty Ltd 680 George St , Sydney, NSW 2000 Tel: +61 (0)2 9857 2000
	NEW ZEALAND RB (Hygiene Home) New Zealand Limited 2 Fred Thomas Drive, Takapuna Auckland , New Zealand 0622 Tel: +64 9 484 1400
Poison Information contact:	: Australia - 13 11 26 New Zealand - 0800 764 766 or 0800 POISON
<u>Uses</u>	
Product use	: Air care, instant action (aerosol sprays)

2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: AEROSOLS - Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



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Signal word	: DANGER
Hazard statements	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Use only as directed. Use in well ventilated areas.
Prevention	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Wash hands thoroughly after use.
Response	: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.
Disposal	: Not applicable.

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3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
ethanol	≥30 - ≤60	64-17-5
n-butane	≥10 - ≤30	106-97-8
propane	≥10 - ≤30	74-98-6
Isobutane	≥10 - ≤30	75-28-5
ethane	≤3	74-84-0
isopentane	<2.5	78-78-4

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

The total concentration of ingredients in this product, reported or not in this section, is 100%.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

4. First-aid measures Description of necessary first aid measures		
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.	
Skin contact	• Elush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and	

- Skin contact
 : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed
person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting
unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health	effects
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/	<u>symptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Inhalation	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediat	e medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
	The standard method by Contrast prince the structure of the sight income distance if lower

Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Hazchem code	: Not applicable

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

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Large spill	expl sew efflu com and Disp mate	b leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-pro- osion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prever ers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages in ent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spilla bustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatoma place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see So lose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorberial may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Sec regency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.	at entry into nto an lige with non- ceous earth ection 13). orbent
Small spill	expl Alte appl cont	b leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-pro osion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-solub matively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and opriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste of ractor.	le. blace in an lisposal
Methods and material for con			
Environmental precautions	and	d dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterwas sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused en ition (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	
For emergency responders	infor	ecialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of a mation in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also mation in "For non-emergency personnel".	
For non-emergency personnel	Eva ente rapi cont instr Shu	action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable to cuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected perso ring. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken of d escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. If a large num ainers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the uctions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilt n t off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard are opriate personal protective equipment.	onnel from lue to the ber of e naterial.

6. Accidental release measures

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

<u>Australia</u>

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
ethanol	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019).
	TWA: 1880 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
n-butane	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019).
	TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours.
propane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Oxygen Depletion
	[Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential.
Isobutane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Butane] Explosive
	potential.
	STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
ethane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Oxygen Depletion
	[Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential.
isopentane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Pentane]
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

New Zealand

Occupational exposure limits

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Ingredient name		Exposure limits
ethanol		NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020). WES-TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 1880 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
butane		NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020). WES-TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
propane		NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant].
Isobutane		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Butane] Explosive potential. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
ethane		NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant].
isopentane		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Pentane] TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
Appropriate engineering : controls	vapour or mist, use pro engineering controls to recommended or statut	e ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, cess enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any tory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, rations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof
controls they comply with the re cases, fume scrubbers		tion or work process equipment should be checked to ensure quirements of environmental protection legislation. In some , filters or engineering modifications to the process ssary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures		
Hygiene measures :	eating, smoking and us Appropriate techniques Wash contaminated clo	and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before sing the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Is should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. So thing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and se to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection :	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.	
Skin protection		
Hand protection :	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	
Body protection :	being performed and the before handling this pro- wear anti-static protection	uipment for the body should be selected based on the task ne risks involved and should be approved by a specialist oduct. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, ive clothing. For the greatest protection from static ould include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid. [Aerosol.]
Colour	: Not available.
Odour	: Not available.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: <0°C (<32°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Not available.
Vapour pressure	: Not available.
Relative vapour density	: Not available.
Relative density	: Not available.
Solubility(ies)	1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Not available.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Heat of combustion	: 35.86 kJ/g
Viscosity	: Not available.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.
<u>Aerosol product</u>	
Type of aerosol	: Spray

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Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
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10. Stability and reactivity

Incompatible materials

: No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	124700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-
n-butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	658000 mg/m ³	4 hours
Isobutane	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	658000 mg/m ³	4 hours
isopentane	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	280000 mg/m ³	4 hours

Conclusion/Summary Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
ethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 0.066666667 minutes 100	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	mg 100 uL 400 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitisation

Respiratory

Skin

Eyes

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Respiratory	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Teratogenicity</u>	
Not available.	

Conclusion/Summary Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. **Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

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11. Toxicological information

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
isopentane	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
isopentane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	÷	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	÷	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	÷	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	÷	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure				
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.		
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.		
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.		
Potential chronic health effects				

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity Acute toxicity estimates

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11. Toxicological information

Not available.

12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
ethanol	Acute EC50 3306 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 1074 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5680 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 11000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Alburnus alburnus	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days

Conclusion/Summary

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
ethanol	-0.35	-	low
n-butane	2.89	-	low
propane	1.09	-	low
Isobutane	2.8	-	low
ethane	1.09	-	low
isopentane	3	171	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

14. Transport information

•				
	ADG	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

ADG ADR/RID		Special provisions 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381 Limited quantity 1 L Special provisions 190, 327, 625, 344 Tunnel code (D)
IMDG	:	Emergency schedules F-D, S-U Special provisions 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959
ΙΑΤΑ	:	Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 75 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Cargo Aircraft Only: 150 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y203. Special provisions A145, A167, A802
Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

15. Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Not scheduled	
Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)	All components are listed or exempted.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	All components are listed or exempted.
HSNO Group Standard	Aerosols (Flammable)
HSNO Approval Number	HSR002515
Approved Handler Requirement	No.
Tracking Requirement	No.

16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	 ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IBC = Internediate Bulk Container SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons UN = United Nations SWA = Safe Work Australia HSNO = Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996
Date of issue / Date of revision	: 26/05/2023
Version	: 3 (Version for undated GHS Revision 7 PSDS Template)

(Version for updated GHS Revision 7 PSDS Template)

Procedure used to derive the classification			
	Classification	Justification	
AEROSOLS - Catego	ory 1	On basis of test data	
References	: Not available.		

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.